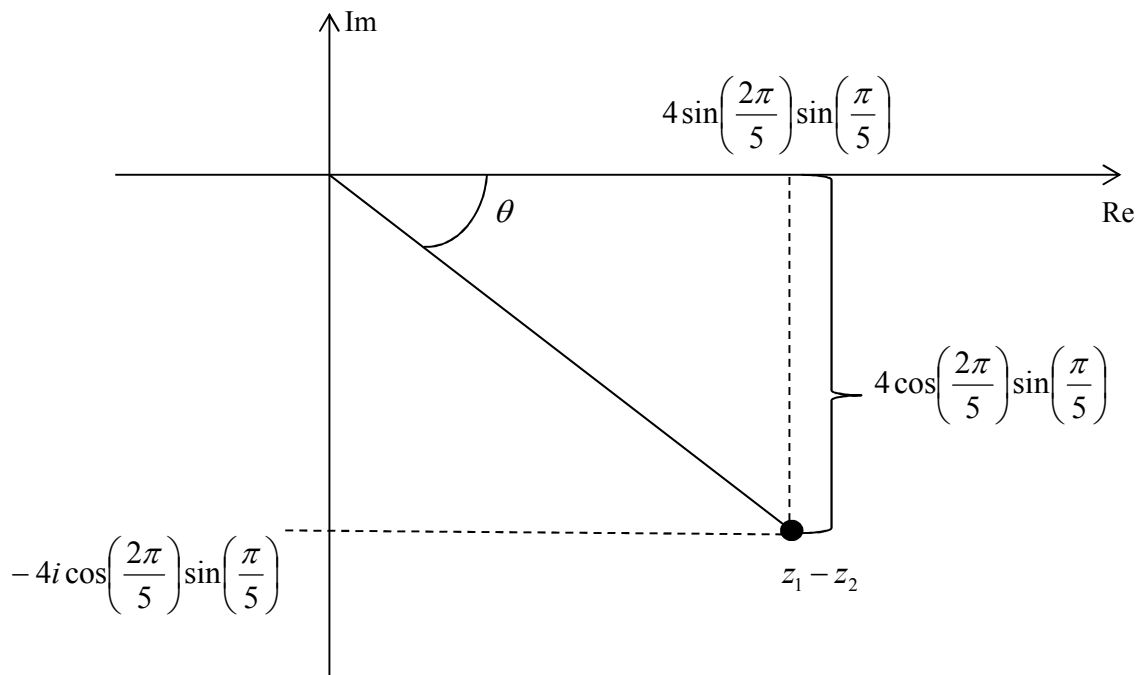


Extreme Problem 12 Solutions

$$\begin{aligned}
 z_1 - z_2 &= 2e^{(i)\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)} - 2e^{(i)\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right)} \\
 &= 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\right] - 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right)\right] \\
 &= 2\left[\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right)\right] - 2i\left[\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{5}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\right] \\
 &= 2\left[-2\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\right] - 2i\left[2\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\right] \\
 &= 4\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) - 4i\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) \\
 |z_1 - z_2| &= \sqrt{\left[4\sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\right]^2 + \left[-4\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\right]^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{16\sin^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) + 16\cos^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)\sin^2\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)} \\
 &= 4\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)\sqrt{\sin^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) + \cos^2\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right)} = 4\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right) \text{ (shown)}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}\theta &= \tan^{-1} \left[\frac{4 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)}{4 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}\right)} \right] = \tan^{-1} \left[\cot\left(\frac{2\pi}{5}\right) \right] \\ &= \tan^{-1} \left[\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{2\pi}{5}\right) \right] = \frac{\pi}{10} \qquad \left[\because \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha \right]\end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \arg(z_1 - z_2) = -\frac{\pi}{10} \text{ (shown)}$$